## § 1962.18

forms prescribed by State Supplements.

(g) Release of Agency interest in insurance policies. When an Agency lien on property covered by insurance has been released, the County Supervisor is authorized to notify the insurance company of the release.

[50 FR 45783, Nov. 1, 1985, as amended at 51 FR 13481, Apr. 21, 1986; 52 FR 32121, Aug. 26, 1987; 53 FR 35784, Sept. 14, 1988; 56 FR 15824, Apr. 18, 1991; 57 FR 18680, Apr. 30, 1992; 57 FR 60085, Dec. 18, 1992; 58 FR 46075, Sept. 1, 1993; 61 FR 35930, 35931, July 9, 1996]

## § 1962.18 Unapproved disposition of chattel security.

- (a) General. When the County Supervisor learns that a borrower has made a disposition of chattel security in a manner not provided for on Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 1962.1 or becomes aware of the misuse of proceeds by a borrower, corrective action must be taken to protect the Government's interest.
- (b) Notice to borrowers. When a borrower has not properly accounted for the use of proceeds from the sale of chattel security, the County Supervisor must request restitution by use of a letter similar to Guide Letter 1962–A–5.
- (1) If the borrower makes restitution or provides suffficient information to enable the County Supervisor to postapprove the transaction on Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 1962-1, no further action will be taken against the borrower. Post-approval can only be given under the conditions set out in 1962.17(b) of this subpart. Only one such transgression can be allowed in any period covered by the Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 431-2, or other similar plan of operation acceptable to FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354, between annual security inspections, whichever is appropriate, and this must be made clear to the bor-
- (2) If the borrower does not make restitution, if the County Supervisor cannot post-approve the transaction, or if the borrower makes a second unauthorized disposition of security or a misuse

of proceeds after settling the first offense as provided in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, the County Supervisor will proceed in accordance with § 1962.49 of this subpart.

[54 FR 14791, Apr. 13, 1989]

## § 1962.19 Claims against Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC).

This section is based on a Memorandum of Understanding between CCC and FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 (see Exhibit A of this subpart). The memorandum sets forth the procedure to follow when producers sell or pledge to CCC as loan collateral under the Price Support Program, commodities on which FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 holds a prior lien, and when the proceeds, or an agreed amount from them, are not remitted to FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 to apply against the producer's indebtedness to FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354. In addition to the procedures outlined in Exhibit A, the following apply:

- (a) County Office action. (1) Claims will not be filed with CCC until it is determined that the amount involved cannot be collected from the borrower. Therefore, after preliminary notice is given of this fact to CCC by the State Director, the County Supervisor will make immediate demand on the borrower for the amount of the CCC loan or the portion of it which should have been applied to the borrower's account. If payment is made, the State Director will be notified.
- (i) If payment is not made, the County Supervisor will determine whether or not the case should be liquidated in accordance with §1962.40 of this subpart. Any liquidation action will be taken immediately. If the borrower has no property from which recovery can be made through liquidation or, if after liquidation, an unpaid balance remains on the indebtedness secured by the commodity pledged or sold to CCC, the County Supervisor will make a full report to the State Director on Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 455-1, "Request for Legal Action," with a recommendation that a claim be filed againt CCC. However, if the indebtedness is paid